Baghdad Security Plan

- Iraqi Army reinforcement Brigades alerted and moving on agreed timelines.
  - 8 Battalions and 2 Brigade Headquarters (1-4 and 3-4) arrived. (~2200 (63% of ~3500 55-65%) assigned) troops arrived. 37% shortfall includes stay-behind, leave, AWOL. AWOLs generally 10%.
- Two Battalions (3-1-3 and 4-1-4) operating. Others FOC ~1 FEB.
- Third Brigade HQ and 3 additional Battalions preparing. Planned move o/a 1 FEB and FOC ~20 FEB. Working thru possible failure of 2-3-4 to deploy.
- Division Ready Brigade moving forward to Baghdad. Closed except for trail party. No equipment issues. Will operate in Ademiyah District.
- Offensive shaping operations underway in Baghdad and surrounding areas to establish momentum and set conditions for subsequent Clear-Control-Retain operations.
- Development of Iraqi command and control structure for Baghdad progressing.
  - 8 (of 27 -- 30%) Joint Security Stations at IOC. Focus on Kadamiya and Mansour.
  - Project +8 by 31 January and +11 by 15 February.
  - Iraqi operational reserve Brigade concept tested 15 January.
- 5 of 10 Divisions OPCON IGFC.
  - 1st (FEB), 6th and 9th (MAR), 5th (APR), 7th (JUN).
- 3 of 18 Provinces PIC.
  - 3xKRG (TBD), Qadisiyah (FEB), Maysan (MAR), Niniwah (APR) next. 7 (incl Basra) May-June, Baghdad (AUG); Anbar (DEC)
Recent Operations

- Baghdad Operations (1-20 Jan)
  - 14 operations battalion size or greater
  - 378 AIF detained
  - 96 KIA (Haifa Street)
  - 33 caches

- Anbar Operations (13 Nov - 20 Jan)
  - 14 operations battalion size or greater
  - Includes force protection construction and humanitarian assistance
  - 925 detainees / 2 freed hostages
  - 132 caches

- C-EJK:
  - IRAQ: 107 operations, 261 detainees, 54 suspected leaders captured, 10 EKIA
  - Baghdad only: 66 operations, 152 detainees, 22 leaders captured, 7 EKIA

- C-AQIZ:
  - IRAQ: 258 operations, 604 detainees, 88 suspected leaders captured, 70 EKIA
  - Baghdad only: 60 operations, 166 detainees, 23 suspected leaders captured, 15 EKIA
New Command Structure

- Discussed Baghdad Command and Control with Iraqis today.
- Coalition units under Coalition control w/o exception despite press report.
- Coalition remains fully responsible for Baghdad Security until we pass OPCON of 6th and 9th Divisions to IGFC. Then share responsibility until Baghdad Province PIC this summer.
  - Important done this way to preserve Coalition freedom of action and enable continued work with National and Local Police units.
- Iraqi chain of command will run from PM thru "Crisis Cell" (MOD, MOI, NSA, myself, and GEN Babiker, head of Iraqi Armed Forces.) to LTG Aboud. Gives PM control over his units.
- Aboud's Headquarters in Adnan Palace initial operational capability on 1 February. Installing communications and have support structure in place.
  - LTG Odierno working closely with Aboud to evaluate, develop working relationship, and gain his confidence in our advice.
- Corps Headquarters will partner with Aboud's Headquarters and 1CD (MND-B) will partner with the two Subordinate Headquarters.
- MND-B Battalions partner with each Iraqi Brigades in nine districts.
- Partnership arrangement enables deconflict in event PM issues orders to units in conflict with our operations.
- Expect manning and initial operational capability in the Districts by 5 February. Grow to full operational capability with improved police stations by end of February.
Maliki Role in ROE

- Maliki has agreed to (1) pursue all wrong-doers equally; (2) no preconditions on what can/cannot be done to enhance security; and (3) no subsequent restrictions on action once undertaken.

- Gaining confidence. In October, quite agitated whenever we conducted operations in vicinity Sadr City and involved in obtaining release of Sadr allies.

- First concession was ten-name list of permissible targets but we had to work hard to gain approval. Even then vetoed one.

- Now, have conducted operations in Sadr City and picked up three of five High Value Sadr allies w/o a peep.

- We have no present restrictions on Sadr City operations.

- Indirect approach – SBCT operations in New Baghdad and Shaab/Ur working. Sadr allies very nervous. Sensitive reporting indicates very concerned Coalition will attack.

- Evidence of defensive preparations in Sadr City, heavy weapons moved outside, key allies attempting to flee. Shia Death Squad activity down 35% last five weeks.

Generally five week decline in ethno-sectarian violence in Baghdad. Incidents in Baghdad down 40% and Casualties down 60%.
Maliki Concessions

- Appoint and empower a Military Commander to command Iraqi forces in Baghdad. Subordinate to “Crisis Cell” (composed of MOD, MOI, CG MNF, NSA, and Chief JFC) reporting to Prime Minister.
- Permit no political interference with security operations.
- Declared militias will not be permitted to operate in a manner that replaces ISF as dominant security force.
- Treat all lawbreakers equally. Will not favor one sect over another.
- No safe havens – all areas of Baghdad subject to enforcement by security forces.
- Provide three Brigades to Baghdad and sustain force level.
Detained 21 December 2006 in Baghdad, during Clarke IV raid

1.4b, 1.4d

Al Kut — 2 x Detainees — Captured by 503rd

1031L - 4 Maj/Lt Col BAGHDAD Collection of Kurdish group — 3 rabbits, 1 goat, 1 sheep, 1 cow

Ilizam Mushtarak – United Commitment
AQI remains dominant threat in Anbar. Unable to make headway against persistent presence in urban areas, but able to cause disorder with ruthless tactics.
- 12-week attack decline. Effectiveness down to 18% (vice 22% v CF nationwide).
- 90-day average of 61 attacks per day. Down from 62.5 two weeks ago.
- Targets starting to shift from Coalition to ISF. Attempting slow IP development, political progress, and economic reconstruction thru murder and intimidation.
- Ramadi is AQI focal point. Do not own the city, but challenge daily.
  - 90-day attack average in Ramadi decreased .5 from two weeks ago to 21.
  - AQI now using rural villages along WERV for refuge.
- Political, Economic, and Reconstruction Progress last two weeks.
  - 10 January, Sahawa al-Anbar leader Sheikh Sattar hosted Ramadi Reconstruction Conference. Several hundred tribal sheikhs, contractors, and local politicians
  - Dubai Business Exchange: 9-12 January representatives from Al Anbar, Bagdad, Hillah, Basra met with Gulf Region Businessmen to discuss economic development.
  - Brinkley Group developing Al Anbar plan for increased power based on French Generator and phosphate plant
  - Wireless Local Loop funded with Economic Support Funds via PRT, not CERP, Full service estimated for Fallujah April 2006 and Ramadi sometime thereafter.
  - RFF funds received $28M, awaiting delivery of $26M, Governor working with MoF for remaining funds for final 40% not committed.
  - DFI Received $10.6M of $75M promised 29 projects have SOW & given go ahead to start from Governor & engineer staff
Anbar Situation (continued)

- 3 Emergency Response Units now operational (IOC) in Ramadi.
- Cease-fire dialogue underway with major Sunni resistance groups
- Ongoing engagement with GOI on following priority actions:
  - Housing Program initiative to spur employment and provide affordable housing
  - Privatization Law to generate investment in private enterprises.
  - Concluding processes needed to restructure state-owned enterprises.
  - Developing Iraqi employment program.
  - Need to ensure equitable distribution/expenditure of funds.
  - Operational restructuring/recapitalization of state-owned banks.
  - Expanding access to credit and expanding payment system program.
  - Pushing to re-open 5 viable state-owned enterprises -- Al Qaim Cement, Ramadi Ceramic, Ramadi Glass, Fallujah Cement, Al Qaim Phosphate.
  - Selecting initial Industrial/Commercial Zones for focused development.

- Reconstruction.
  - Begin transition of planning and contract selection for utilities projects to GoI.
  - Develop capital projects for execution in CY 07.
  - Complete repairs and re-open Al Anbar rail line (Baghdad – Al Qaim).
  - Stand up three additional Provincial Reconstruction Teams.
  - Move power generation equipment from Jordan to Al Anbar.
  - Complete major water and power generation projects by GRD.
- Operations Roll-up be Provided by StratOps.
Key Legislative Items Update

- **De-Ba‘thification** Reform Legislation
  - 9 January draft does not incorporate changes Chalabi agreed upon in December
  - Draft not indicative of real de-Ba‘ath reform effort
  - USMI does not support the draft; will continue outreach to Sunni political leaders

- **Hydrocarbon** Law
  - Draft submitted to Council of Ministers for approval
  - Key players have verbal agreement on population-based revenue sharing
  - Will require additional legislation following passage of Hydrocarbon Law

- **Iraqi High Electoral Commission**
  - Political compromise achieved; expect passage when CoR attains quorum

- **Provincial Powers** Law
  - First reading completed 18 January

- Last time COR had **Quorum was 10 December**.
Operation SQUEEZE PLAY

WHO: 1st IA and CF

WHAT: Multi-Phase operation to increase ISF presence and increase confidence of local citizens in their security forces.

WHERE: Ramadi

WHEN: 28 Nov 06 - 6 Jan 07

RESULTS: Established 1x IP security station, 1x IP stations, 2 x IP substations. Increased support from tribes from Sufia and Hamdiya areas.

Caches cleared included:

- 9x Hand grenades
- 1x 100mm Round
- 1x 120mm Tank round
- 4x 155mm rounds
- 3x IEDs
- 5x Dragunov sniper rifles
- 3x 60mm Mortar systems
- 29x AK-47 Rifles
- 20x Pounds bulk explosives
- 40x 60mm Mortar rounds
- 4x 105mm Mortar rounds
- 6x 120mm Mortar rounds
- 2x 180mm Mortar rounds
- 15x Acetylene tanks
- 1x G31 Rifle
- 5x PKM machine guns
- 3x RPK Automatic Rifles
- 1x Anti-tank mine
- 7x 82mm Mortar rounds
- 2x 122mm Rounds
- 4x 130mm Rounds
- 28x RPG rockets
- 8x RPG Launchers
- 1x M1 Garand rifle
- 1x G3 Rifle
- 8x PKC Machine guns
- 1x Anti-personnel mine